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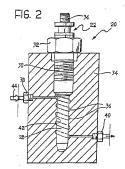
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## EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

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- (54) A device for heating the washing liquid to be sprayed onto a vehicle windscreen
- (57) The device comprises a glow-plug (22) having a stam (23) which can be heated by an elactric curri. The stam (28) is coupled to a body (34) of thermally insulating material and a helical path (35) for the fluid to be heated, along which the fluid comes directly into contact with the heated stem (28), is defined between the stem (29) and the body (34).



## Description

The present invention relates to a device for heating the washing liquid to be sprayed onto a vehicle wind-

Heating devices using an electric heating means operating according to the principle of a storage water-heater is policy, that is, a heater in which a perial northward liquid to be legited is key construitly of the heating temporation provided for, are alleady known. 10 Devices of this type are rarely used, particularly because of their high cost.

The present liviention has been developed in order to heat the liquid for washing a vehicle windspream, which is intended to remove deposits, insect bodies, the resist and any other form of solid dirt adhering to the windspream. If the presence of dirt of this type, the softening effect of the hot liquid considerably solitates the cleaning of the windscream end, as should not be overlooked, prevents or at least limits damage to the windscream end, as should not be overlooked, prevents or at least limits damage to the wind-ascream-wiper blades which, as is known, are extremely sensitive to the presence of hard deposits on the windscream. The heating of the washing liquid to also useful in writer when loss is formed on the windscream.

The device according to the invention is character-is used essentially in that it comprises a glow plug of the type normally used for the pre-heisting of cliese engines, having a sem which can be heated by the passage of an electric current. The stem is coupled to a body of thermally insultaining material and a helical path so for the flight to be heated, along which the failed domes directly into contact with the heated stem, is defined between the body and the stem.

Unlike previously known solutions, the device according to the invention heats the weating funds as it is purposed from the real error. The tillred contact of the local way to the same second of the plot of the

The heating device according to the present invention constitutes an accessory which can be installed in any model of vehicle Without the freed to make substantial changes in the arrangement envisaged for the components of

Further characteristics and advantages of the present invention will become clear in the course of the as following detailed description given purely by way of non-limiting example, with reference to the appended drawnins, in which: Figure 1 is a simplified diagram showing the way in which a heating device according to the present invention is used.

Figure 2 is a schematic section of a first embodiment of the device according to the invention, and

Figure 3 is a variant of the device of Figure 2.

With reference initially to Figure 1, a reservolr, indicated 10, contains washing liquid which is supplied along a line 12 by a pump 14. The line 12 supplies the washing liquid to one or more spray nozzles 16 which and jets of washing liquid prot by whighe windsepen, schematically indicated 18. Two heating devices 20 are disposed along the line 12 by heating the flow of washing liquid as it besses along the line 12.

In the embodiment shown in Figure 1, two heating devices have been shown, arranged fluegles,-flowever, the number of heating devices may be varied according to specific requirements. More precisely, in some cases a single heating device 20 may suffice, if it is desired to reduce the time taken to heat the washing fluid, several edvices of the same type may be arranged in series.

Each heating device 20 hás an electric heating element 22 supplied by the battery 24 of the vehicle. A control element 26, which may be of various kinds and which - in its project from - its constituted simply by a relay which supplies the heating element 22 only when a flow of heated liquid is frequired, is provided in the electrical supply line to the fleating-element 22 only when a flow of member 28 can be 'adjivagin' similatineously with the pump 14 and may possibly be subject to a control, for example, a thermostatic control, dependent upon the temperature of the heating element 42.

With retirence now to Figure 2, the heating element 22 of the device according to the presign filtrention is constituted by a diax, play of the type normally used for pre-heating diesel engines. The play 22 comprises, indown manner, a stemic 28 which is trought to a very high temperature in a few seconds by the passage of an electric current. The play 22 also has a threaded fixing portion 30 as well as an electrical connection portion

The glow plug 22 is coupled to a body 34, preferable by made of themself insulating material. A helicial path by far far fail for the fluid to be heated is defined between the body 34 and the stem 28 of the plug 22. The helical path 36 communicates at its ends with connectors 38 and 40 for connection to the washino-fluid supply line 12.

In the embodiment shown in Figure 2, the helical path 36 is defined by a firerad formed in a hole 42 having the same diameter as the stem 28. The stem 28 has a smooth outer surface which closes the hole 42 substantially seelingly so that the liquid supplied to the inlet connector 38 in the direction indicated by the arrow 44 is forced to travel along the helical path 36 before reaching the output of the connector 40 connector 40. Nonperfer 40 connector 40

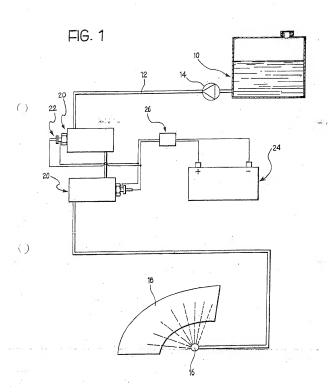
the liquid is directly in contact with the incandescent stem 28 and can thus be heated very rapidly.

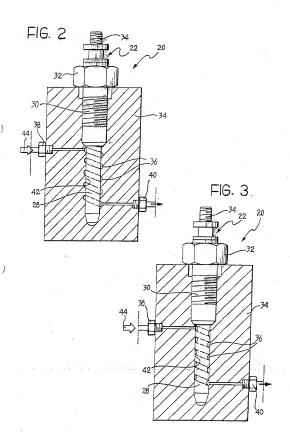
The insulating body 34 may be made of refractory or sinteged material which may be popule to the washing liquid. In this case, the hole 42 and the thread defining the helical path 36 may be made impermeable by means of varnishes resistant to high temperatures.

Figure 9 shows a walant of the davice abounting to the invertion, in which parts corresponding to those despribed above are indigated by the samps reference numerals. In the variant of Figure 9, the hole 42 in the termality insulating body 94 has a smooth inner wall and the helical path 98 is formed on the stem 28 of the plug 22. In this employment, the coupling between the stem 28 and the hole 42 also achieves a seal adequate 15 to ensure that the full doming from the helic oncern. 38 flows along the helical path 36, being heated by direct contact with the incardesont stem 28.

## Claims

- 1. A device for heating the washing liquid to be sprayed onto a vehicle windscreen, characterized in that the device comprises a glow plug (22) having a stem (28) which can be heated by an electric current, in which the stem (28) is coupled to a body (34) of thermally insulating material, and in which a helical path (36) for the fluid to be heated, along which the fluid comes directly into contact with the heated stem (28), is defined between the body (34) so and the stem (28).
- A device according to Claim 1, characterized in that the stem (28) of the plug (22) has a smooth outer surface and is inserted in a hole (42) in the internal surface of which the helical path (36) is formed.
- A device according to Claim 1, characterized in that the stem (28) of the plug (22) is inserted in a hole (42) with a smooth wall, and in that the helical path (36) is formed in the outer surface of the stem (28).
- A device according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the internal surface of the hole (42) is rendered impermeable by means of a varnish resistant to high temperatures.







European Patent

## EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number EP 96 10 B229

	DOCUMENTS CONS	IDERED TO BE RELEV	ANT	1
Category	Charles of decurrent with Indication, where appropriate, of redeate procedes FR-A-2 797 230 (CORNET) * the whole document *		Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.CL6)
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